Casey's Investor Deck

Casey's

Safe Harbor Statements

The presentation is dated as of September 8, 2025 and speaks as of the date unless otherwise specified.

Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains statements that may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including those related to the potential impact of the Fikes transaction, expectations for future periods, possible or assumed future results of operations, financial conditions, liquidity and related sources or needs, business and/or integration strategies, plans and synergies, supply chain, growth opportunities, and performance at our stores. There are a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors that may cause our actual results to differ materially from any results expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements, including but not limited to the execution of our strategic plan, the integration and financial performance of acquired stores, wholesale fuel, inventory and ingredient costs, distribution challenges and disruptions, the impact and duration of the conflict in oil producing regions or other geopolitical disruptions, as well as other risks, uncertainties and factors which are described in the Company's most recent annual report on Form 10-K and quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and available on our website. Any forward-looking statements contained in this presentation represent our current views as of the date of this presentation with respect to future events, and Casey's disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements in the presentation whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

Use of Non-GAAP Measures

This presentation includes references to "EBITDA," which we define as net income before net interest expense, depreciation and amortization, and income taxes. EBITDA is not presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). We believe EBITDA is useful to investors in evaluating our operating performance because securities analysts and other interested parties use such calculations as a measure of financial performance and debt service capabilities, and it is regularly used by management for internal purposes including our capital budgeting process, evaluating acquisition targets, and assessing store performance. EBITDA is not a recognized term under GAAP and should not be considered a substitute for net income, cash flows from operating activities or other income or cash flow statement data. This presentation also includes references to "free cash flow," which we define as net cash generated by operating activities less purchases of property and equipment. Free cash flow is not presented in accordance with GAAP. We believe free cash flow is useful to investors in evaluating our cash generation because securities analysts and other interested parties use such calculations as a measure of financial performance, liquidity, and debt service capabilities, and it is regularly used by management for internal purposes including our capital budgeting process, evaluating acquisition targets, and evaluating debt service. We believe ROIC is useful to investors as a measure of financial performance and prudent capital allocation, and is regularly used by management for internal purposes including our capital budgeting process, evaluating acquisition targets, and assessing company performance. Neither EBITDA, free cash flow, nor ROIC are recognized terms under GAAP and should not be considered a substitute for net income, net cash generated by operating activities or other income or cash flow statement data. EBITDA, free cash flow, and ROIC have limitations as an analytical tool, and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. We strongly encourage investors to review our financial statements and publicly filed reports in their entirety and not to rely on any single financial measure. Because non-GAAP financial measures are not standardized, EBITDA free cash flow, and ROIC, as defined by us, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. It therefore may not be possible to compare our use of this non-GAAP financial measure with those used by other companies. For reconciliations of EBITDA, free cash flow, and ROIC to GAAP net income and net cash generated by operating activities, for the completed applicable period shown, see the appendix attached hereto.



Casey's is a staple for millions of Americans

~\$21.0B

Total Enterprise Value

~2,900

Convenience Stores
Operating in 19 States

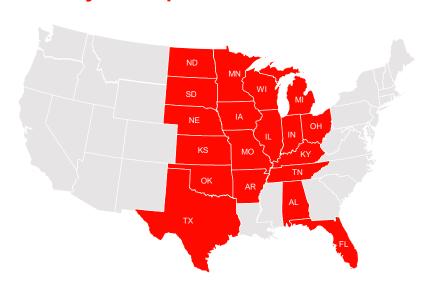
+M008

Guest Transactions per Year

~50,000

Total Team Members

Casey's Footprint



3rd

largest convenience store chain in the United States¹

4th

in liquor licenses among US retailers²

5th

largest pizza chain in the United States³

Stock Information

NASDAQ: CASY

Common Shares: ~37 million

Avg. Daily Volume: ~310,000 shares

Note: Market data, number of locations, transactions, team members as of July 31, 2025 and the FQE July 31, 2025. Average daily volume defined as average of last 30 trading days as of July 31, 2025.



^{1 -} By number of stores in the U.S., source Convenience Store News & Petroleum Top 202 Convenience Stores 2022

^{2 -~1,500} liquor license locations ranks Casey's 4th behind CVS, Walmart, and Walgreens

^{3 - 5&}lt;sup>th</sup> largest pizza chain business by number of kitchens in United States

Casey's has unique competitive advantages in the convenience store landscape

		DIFFERENTIATOR	BENEFIT					
	Unique Footprint	~2/3 of stores in towns of 20K people or fewer		Stronger market position in rural areas; less expensive to build, buy, and operate units				
800	Prepared Food	Prepared food is a larger % of inside sales mix 5th largest US pizza chain		Food sales across all dayparts, with high quality differentiated products and best-in-class margins				
	Advanced Technology	Best-in-class Rewards platform with over 9M (and growing) highly active members Investment in tech: effectiveness and efficiency		Higher transaction value, more frequent visits, and personalized marketing to influence guest behavior				
	Vertical Integration	Products inside the store from three owned distribution centers ~60% of fuel delivered from owned tanker fleet		Positive control over value chain that enables service to rural areas and distribution efficiencies				
© ©	Consolidated Scale	Casey's leverages its scale across the business		Stronger negotiating position for vendor contracts, centralized fuel, merchandising, and operations support to optimize margin and volume				



Casey's 50+ year history of success







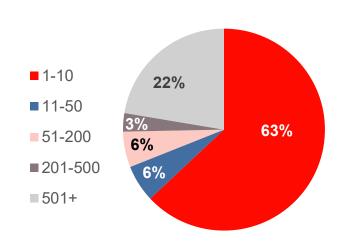




The convenience industry is fragmented, but consolidating

FRAGMENTATION

Ownership Breakout (Number of Stores)



CONSOLIDATION

US Convenience Store Count¹

Smaller operators are great targets for acquisition

# of Stores	2024	2020	Unit Change	% Change			
1-10	95,946	96,963	(1,017)	(1.0%)			
11-50	9,071	9,704	(633)	(6.5%)			
51-200	8,694	8,063	631	7.8%			
201-500	4,502	5,257	(755)	(14.4%)			
501+	32,864 30,287 3,755		3,755	12.4%			
Total	152,255	150,274	1,981	1.4%			

Over the past 10 years, Casey's has acquired 701 stores... with 394 stores over just the past 3 years





Casey's competitive advantages

~70% of Casey's inside transactions do not include fuel

Casey's private label as a value alternative for guests

- >300 SKUs that are margin accretive
- ~120 SKUs that are unique to Casey's

Data-driven insights enable Casey's to meet guest expectations

• ~80% of guests agree "Casey's is a good value for the money"

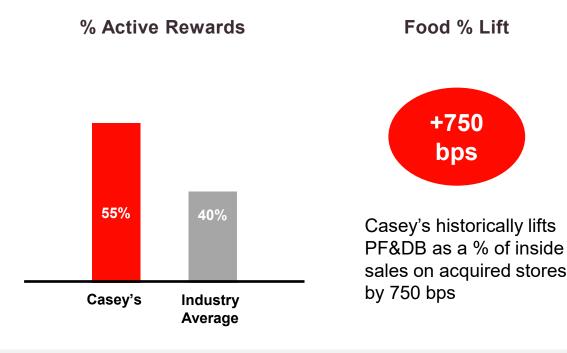
Resilient financial position with strong balance sheet and low debt

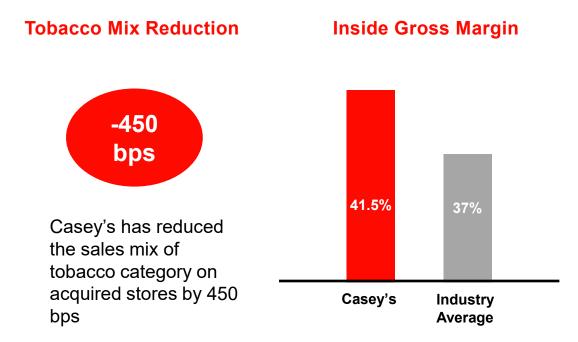
Positioned to absorb headwinds and be an active M&A player

Over 75% of our stores have been built, acquired, replaced or remodeled since FY2010



Casey's strategic differentiators offer competitive advantages and contribute to industry-leading profit margins



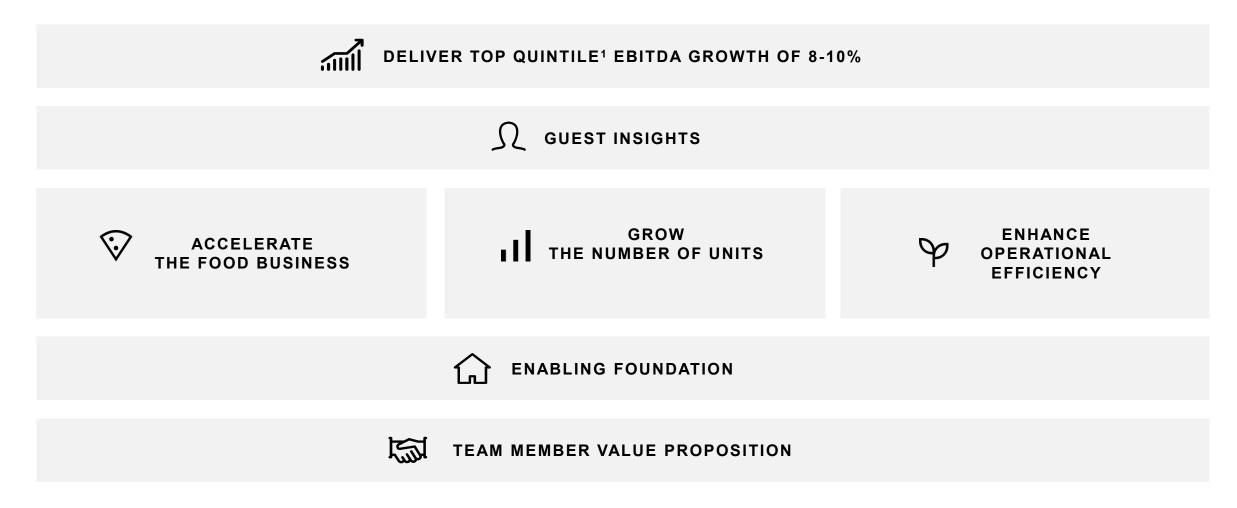


Strategic investments made in digital and food...

...and less reliance on tobacco results in higher inside margin rates.



Casey's FY24 – FY26 growth strategy is rooted in 3 enterprise objectives, enabled by a strong foundation and team member experience





FY24 – FY26 strategic plan outlook

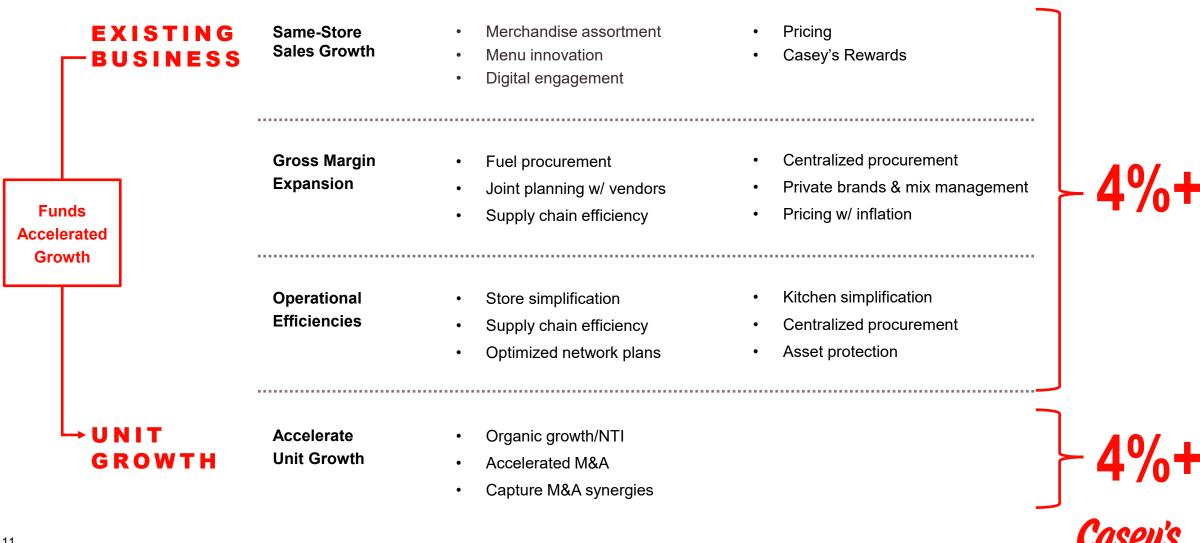
Management Guidance¹

EBITDA % growth	8%-10% CAGR through FY2026						
Store growth	~500 additional stores via new builds & acquisitions by FY20)26 ²					
Same-store sales	Inside sales: ~mid single digit increase Fuel gallons: ~flat to low single digit increase						
Gross profit margin %	Margin expansion inside the store Fuel margin in the mid-30s CPG						
Operational efficiencies	OpEx % growth < EBITDA % growth						
Cash flows	Free cash flow ~\$1.25B through FY2026						





Algorithm seeks to deliver top quintile EBITDA growth of 8-10%



Casey's consistently delivered 8+% EBITDA growth over the short, medium, and long-term horizon...



S&P 500 & S&P 400¹ retailers that grew EBITDA at a CAGR of at least 8% over time horizons above.



... with an attractive valuation comparable to others across relevant industries





Accelerate the food business

Execute the basics

- Category roles & intents
- Segmented Assortment & Pricing
- Joint Business Planning

Drive efficiency and innovation

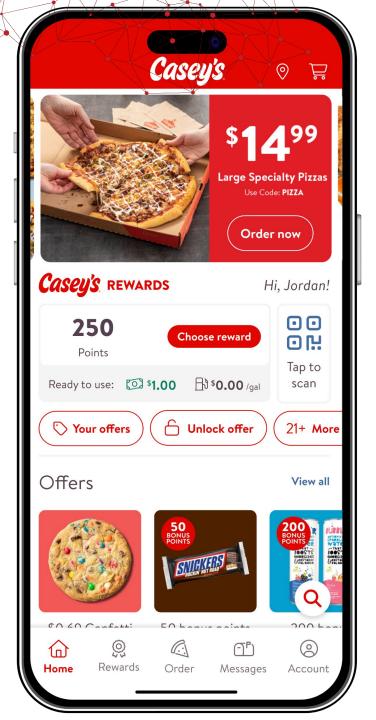
- Upstream capability
- New platforms
- Product innovation

New marketing approach

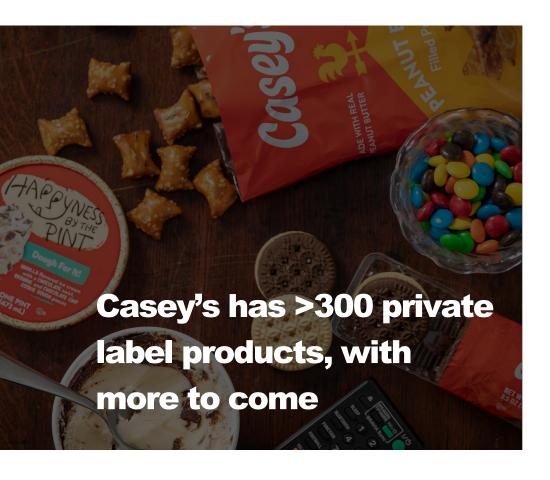
- New creative process
- Seamless guest experience
- Marketing to drive traffic
- Casey's Access retail marketing







Casey's private label



Casey's has strict private label (PL) requirements to beat national brand offerings on quality, retail price, and penny profits

QUALITY Casey's PL quality is as good or better than national brand competitors

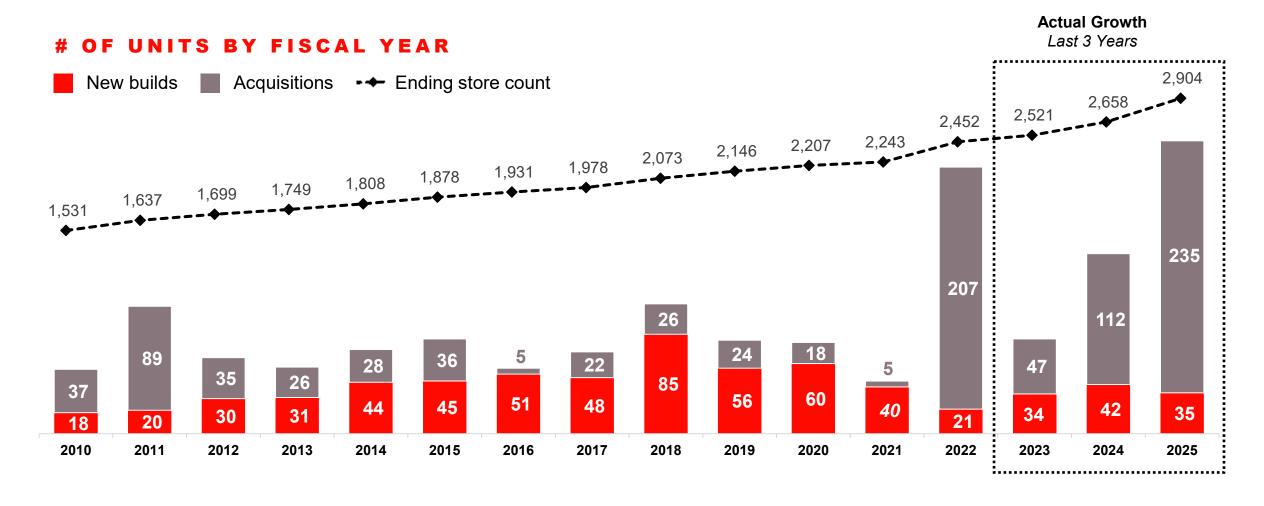
LOWER
PRICE
Casey's PL retail price is less than national brand, offering affordability for cost conscious guests

LARGER More property compet

More profitable to Casey's than national brand competitor, with more margin dollars per unit



Track record of ratable growth





Grow the number of units

M&A value proposition

- Less expensive average investment
- Performance lift from seller
- Same return requirement as new stores

New stores

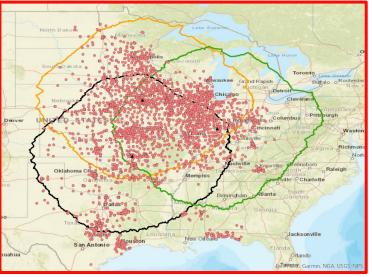
- Selecting the best sites
 - Market attractiveness
 - Predictive analytics
- New stores are ramping faster
- Flexible formats to fit the location

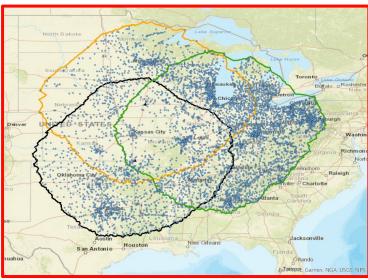
Well positioned for future growth

Substantial white space to grow within and outside the existing footprint

Existing Casey's

Whitespace





~75% of towns between 500 and 20,000 in our DC footprint do NOT have Casey's



Enhancing operational efficiency

STORE SIMPLIFICATION

- Voice of our stores
- Eliminate complexity
- Streamline communications
- Labor management

STREAMLINE THE KITCHEN

- Efficient process & equipment conversions
- Explore new tech
- Define the kitchen of the future

FASTER SERVICE

- Self-checkout
- Point of sale capabilities
- Integration of Al systems

INVENTORY OPTIMIZATION

- Order simplification
- Right products in the right place
- Inventory management

Foundational Elements

STORE MODERNIZATION

- Team member enablement
- Smart systems
- Guest experience
- Store edge computing

CULTURE OF CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT

- Organized to win
- Operational approach to kitchen and inventory
- Enhanced operational control and standards
- Equipped with new tools and processes
- Centralized communication

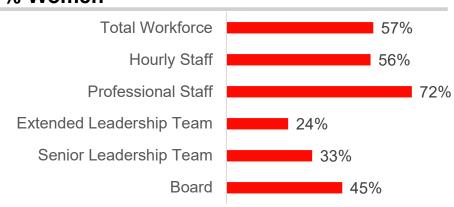
Casey's

Our team composition

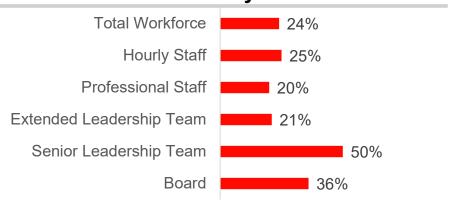


Representation of Our Diversity





% Racial / Ethnic Minority





Board of Directors



Darren Rebelez Board Chair, President & CEO of Casey's General Stores



Judy Schmeling
Lead Independent
Director, Former COO of
HSN, Inc. and former
President of Cornerstone
Brands



Sri Donthi CIO, Ralph Lauren



Donald Frieson Retired EVP Supply Chain, Lowe's Companies



Cara Heiden Retired Co-President of Wells Fargo Home Mortgage



David LenhardtFormer President and
CEO of PetSmart, Inc.



Maria Castañón Moats Retired Partner, PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP



Larree RendaMikRetired Executive ViceCEOPresident of Safeway, Inc.Inc.



Mike Spanos CEO, Bloomin' Brands, Inc



Gregory Trojan
Former CEO of BJ's
Restaurants, Inc.



Allison Wing CEO of Oobli, Inc. f/k/a Joywell Foods, Inc.



Casey's proven track record ...

Casey's proven successes

Unique footprint: ~2/3 of stores are in towns with 20,000 people or fewer

White space to grow: ~75% of towns between 500 and 20,000 in our distribution center footprint do not have a Casey's

Prepared food: Casey's is the 5th largest pizza chain with a high-margin prepared food business driving best in-class inside margin

Vertical integration: Positive control over the supply chain, able to get the right products to the stores

Compounding growth: double digit EBITDA and diluted EPS CAGR for the past 20 years



... improved in key areas

Casey's proven successes

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Casey's notable improvements

Operating expense management: FY19 to FY25 OPEX 10.6% CAGR vs. EBITDA 13.4% CAGR

Return on invested capital (ROIC) improvement: 11.5% in FY25, up ~240 bps from FY19

Free cash flow (FCF) generation: FY25 generated \$585 million vs. \$136 million in FY19

Expanded capabilities: Investment in digital, dedicated procurement team, asset protection team, enabling our scale

Large scale M&A: The company has successfully integrated several multi-unit transactions



Why invest in Casey's

The convenience store industry is shifting in favor of large-scale players

Casey's is differentiated and positioned to thrive beyond industry peers

Casey's has a proven growth algorithm, with clear strategic initiatives to execute

- Resilient industry protected from key macroeconomic factors
- Increasing consolidation in a highly fragmented industry
- Winners offer vertical integration, digital tech, and food offerings
- Proven track record of expansion through both organic / inorganic unit growth
- Unique competitive advantages within the industry: 5th largest pizza chain, ~2/3 of stores in populations of 20k or fewer, rural footprint
- Proven algorithm for EBITDA growth with ability to execute effectively
- Strong balance sheet positioned to capitalize on investment opportunities
- Consistent shareholder value via dividend growth and stock price appreciation

CASY goal deliver top quintile EBITDA growth of 8-10%



Attractive growth outlook



Capital allocation strategy that prioritizes driving value for shareholders



Backed by a strong balance sheet



Consistent track record of performance



Appendix



Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

		FY19		FY20		FY21		FY22		FY23		FY24		FY25
Net income	\$	203,886	\$	263,846	\$	312,900	\$	339,790	\$	446,691	\$	501,972	\$	546,520
Interest, net		55,656		53,419		46,679		56,972		51,815		53,441		83,951
Federal and state income taxes		59,516		78,202		94,470		100,938		140,827		154,188		165,929
Depreciation and amortization		244,387		251,174		265,195		303,541		313,131		349,797		403,647
EBITDA	\$	563,445	\$	646,641	\$	719,244	\$	801,241	\$	952,464	\$	1,059,398	\$ 1	1,200,047
		FY19		FY20		FY21		FY22		FY23		FY24		FY25
Net income	\$	203,886	\$	263,846	\$	312,900	\$	339,790	\$	446,691	\$	501,972	\$	546,520
Federal and state income taxes		59,516		78,202		94,470		100,938		140,827		154,188		165,929
Interest, net		55,656		53,419		46,679		56,972		51,815		53,441		83,951
EBIT	_	319,058		395,467		454,049		497,700	_	639,333		709,601		796,400
Tax effect		72,092	_	90,415		105,295		113,986		153,247		166,746		185,481
Operating profit after depreciation and taxes (a)	\$	246,966	\$	305,052	\$	348,754	\$	383,714	\$	486,086	\$	542,855	\$	610,919
Lines of credit	\$	75,000	\$	120,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Current maturities of long-term debt		17,205		570,280		2,354		24,466		52,861		53,181		94,925
Long-term debt, net of current maturities		1,283,275			1,361,395			1,620,513				2,413,620		
Total shareholders' equity	_	1,408,769		<u>1,643,205</u>	_	1,932,679	_	2,240,838		2,660,666	;	3,015,381		3,508,670
Total invested capital	\$	2,784,249	\$	3,047,987	\$:	3,296,428	\$	3,928,707	\$	4,334,040	\$ 4	4,651,320	\$ 6	5,017,21 <u>5</u>
Average invested capital (b)	\$	2,701,045	\$	2,916,118	\$:	3,172,208	\$	3,612,568	\$	4,131,374	\$ 4	4,492,680	\$ 5	5,334,268
Return on invested capital (ROIC) (a) / (b)		9.1%		10.5%		11.0%		10.6%		11.8%		12.1%		11.5%
		FY19		FY20		FY21		FY22		FY23		FY24		FY25
Operating cash flows	\$	530,614	\$	504,314	\$	804,088	\$	788,741	\$	881,951	\$	892,953	\$ 1	1,090,854
Purchase of property and equipment		(394,699)	_	<u>(438,977</u>)		<u>(441,252</u>)	_	(326,475)	_	(476,568)		(522,004)		(506,224)
Free cash flow		135,915	\$	65,337	\$	362,836	\$	462,266	\$	405,383	\$	370,949	\$	584,630

